

## PLATING COVERS

NOTHING COMERS.

**GOVERNOR BEAVER CALLED**  
By the Sheriff of Westmoreland County  
to Come to His Aid—Belief that the  
Strike is not Over and that

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 20.—Specials the Chronicle-Telegraph from Greensburg, Pa., report a conflict between the mine

at work at the Mammoth Coke Works and the strikers. A party of forty strikers marched to the works, this afternoon, and after driving off Sheriff Byers and his deputies, forced the fifteen men at work

to quit. In the melee three of the non-union men were knocked down and severely beaten. Sheriff Byers has called upon the Governor for militia to protect the men, as he says his force is inadequate and destruction of property and perhaps loss of life may result.

loss of life may result. The strikers are ugly, and the impression in Westmoreland county is that the strike is very far from a settlement, notwithstanding the action of yesterday's convention.

Pa., special says: The Knights of Labor coke workers are well pleased at the decision of the convention at Scottdale, and at a conference held with members of the Miners' Association to-day it was agreed to resume work on Friday, with the expectation that the operators would arrange a similar day.

**A SHARP TURN.**  
The New York 'Longshoremen Threaten to Strike for Old Wages.  
NEW YORK, July 20.—The union 'longshoremen are again in the ascendant, and have given notice that they want the old

rates of wages for night work and work done on Sundays and other holidays. Previous to the great strike last winter, when the 'longshoremen struck out of sympathy with the coal heavers, and also to help out the striking 'longshoremen of the Old Dominion Steamship Company, most of them were getting between 30 and 40 cents an hour for day work and 60 cents

When the great strike was lost and the men applied for work on the piers, they found that the steamship companies were paying the new men only 45 cents an hour for night work, and they were told that they could not get any more. The companies also refused to discharge the new hands, and offered employment only to those old hands for whom vacancies were found.

in which vacancies could be found. The longshoremen accepted the inevitable and gradually the companies discharged the green hands who were taken during the strike, and put old men in their places. They could get more work out of them in a given time.

In course of time all, or nearly all, of the old hands were at work again, and they decided to make an effort to get their old

Window Glass Men Want More Pay.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 20.—The window glass manufacturers and workmen held a conference at which the scale of wages for the next "fire" was discussed. It is

The workmen have presented a demand for an increase of 10 per cent in the wages of blowers and cutters and 5 per cent in the wages of the gatherers. The manufacturers are opposing the demand on the ground that stocks are much larger than they should be after the short run of last year, and they hold that prices are lower to-day than they have been for many years past. It is stated on good authority that the gatherers will insist upon a readjustment of their wages this year. A suitable adjustment of their different

The conference adjourned to-night, without reaching an agreement, to meet again on August 3. The workers' proposition was rejected by the manufacturers who offered to pay last year's wages with some concessions on their part, or if the workmen preferred, they promised to guarantee ten months' work, paying for the same \$1,000 to single strength blowers, \$1,500 to double strength blowers and \$2,500 to the big double strength blowers. This provision was in turn refused by the workmen and the conference adjourned. A settlement is expected.

meeting.

**THE ELECTRIC LIGHTS.**

The Company to Erect a Building and Extend its Facilities.

Now that The Wheeling Electrical Company has secured the passage by Council of an ordinance granting it certain rights and privileges for a term of years, it proposes to branch out and materially increase the size and capacity of its plant.

Before the passage of this ordinance, which grants to the corporation the same rights formerly enjoyed by a private firm of the same name.

felt that it was liable to attract notice at all times, and that it did so under the supposition that it had a perfect right to work under the provisions of the old company's ordinance; and that it was not the case; it did not feel justified in going ahead as had been in the past.

The difficulty now being now aggravated by the passage of the ordinance, the company is going ahead. The plant at present has a capacity of 500 tons, and is located in the old story of Sweeney's and the Chinese shop on Canal street. Inside of two months the capacity will be doubled, but doubled, probably trebled and then quadrupled. The plant will be located in a building especially constructed for it. This building

[illegible]

for lighting the streets. They make a good light for such a purpose. It is now improbable that contracts will be made with a number of manufacturing establishments on the other side of the river to light them; also with Mt. de Chantal.

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**Wonderful Cures.**  
W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., says: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve, for twenty years.

handed leave for two years. Have never  
tried remedies that sell as well, or  
give such universal satisfaction. There  
have been some wonderful cures effected  
by these medicines in this city. Several  
cases of pronounced Consumption have  
been entirely cured by use of a few bot-  
tles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken  
in connection with Electric Bitters. We  
guarantee them, also.